## NEW DESCRIPTIONS

# A NEW SPECIES OF GENUS *LITHURGUS* LATREILLE, (HYMENOPTERA: APOIDEA: MEGACHILIDAE), FROM INDIA<sup>1</sup>

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(With five text-figures)

The genus Lithurgus Latreille, from India was represented by 5 species: atratus Smith, dentipes Smith, australior Cockerell, taprobanae Cameron and lissopoda (Cameron). A new species Lithurgus (Lithurgopsis) tiwarii has been described for the first time from Pondicherry (India). It has some affinities with L. australior Cockll.

The genus Lithurgus Latreille, from Indian region was so far represented by 5 species namely: Lithurgus (Lithurge) atratus Smith, L. (L.) dentipes Smith, L. australior Cockerell, L. taprobanae Cameron and L. lissopoda (Cameron). The subgeneric placement of the former two species has been done by Michener (1965). Following are the characters which can distinctly separate genus Lithurgus, from rest of the megachiline genera:

'jugal lobe in posterior wing about 3/4th as long as vannal lobe; vestibule reaching upto mid-mesosomal segment; dorsally, hind tibiae coarsely or finely spiculate and pygidial area well developed in male, in female represented by a short spine'.

The new species described here, falls under subgenus *Lithurgopsis* Fox, on the basis of the following characters:

Facial mid-line may or may not carinate but never grooved; claws with well developed pulvellus in males; abdominal (tergal and sternal) apical fasceae may be lacking, widely interrupted or feebly developed; only 6 sternal plates are exposed in males, 7th & 8th retracted.

Lithurgus (Lithurgopsis) tiwarii4 sp. nov.

MALE:

Integument of head and thorax with rugose appearance, abdomen shining; facial pubescence golden yellow, rest of the body with silky-white (plumose) hairs, last tergite with thick black bristles; integument black.

Head wider than the median length; inner eye margin convergent below and incurved at median area, carina distinct and close to eye; 2/3rd of the clypeus base strongly convex, margin feebly incurved; maximum width of parocular area equal to the basal width of clypeus; median line indistinct; vertex margin slightly incurved and incarinate; genae narrowed below and hypostomal area with dense pale pubescence; mandible tridentate.

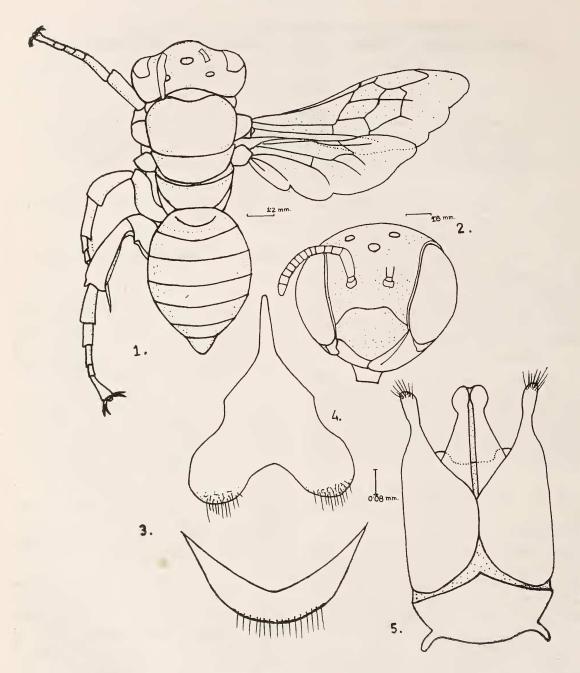
Pronotal ridge low and obscure; scutum evenly convex; notauli not at all markable; scutellar surface resembles scutum, posterior margin broadly rounded; median length of propodeal triangle is about twice that of median groove below; wing colour clear hyaline, veins brownish-black, both recurrent veins reaches at the base and apex of the second

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Figs. 1-5. Lithurgus (Lithurgopsis) tiwarii sp. nov., §
1. adult full dorsal view; 2. head front view; 3. sternum 7th; 4. sternum 8th;
5. genitalia.

(Dots on figs. 1 & 2 indicate pubescence).

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cuboital cell. Apical margin of coxae shallowly grooved and with a smooth tubercle at trochanter base attachment; apical width of trochanter lesser than its median length; fore leg femora with a subdivided carinate ridge at apex (dorsally), spur testaceous yellow, bifurcated and with a fine fringe of hairs at the apices.

Basal tergum with concavity margin incarinate but hairy, apical margin with rudimentary fringe at lateral sides; in tergite 2-5: graduli indistinct & apical fasceae absent at midline; tergum 7th apical margin broadly rounded, medially thick and in 8th sternum, median invagination of apical lobe is quite deep with both halves bearing dense fringes projecting apically.

Gonocoxites protuberent upto medio-basal area, broadly convex; stipites dorso-ventrally flattened and with a broad apex, lobate; either sides of the basal margin of gonobase are produced to acuteness.

Measurements: (in mm.) Total length 8.5; eyes: length 2.07, lateral width 1.0; clypeus: median length 0.9, basal width 0.42, apical width 1.5; antennae; length of scape 0.65, pedicel 0.25, flagellar segments Ist – 0.22, IInd – 0.1, XIth – 0.23; labrum: median length 1.05, basal & apical width 1.25 & 0.9; mandible: length of lower & dentate margins 2.0 & 0.9; labial palpi: length of segment Ist 2.0 & IInd 4.0; scutum: median length 2.25 & maximum width 2.75; total length of fore wing 6.5; relative

median width of tergite I to VII: 2.5, 3.25, 4.0, 3.2, 2.75, 1.5, 0.5.

FEMALE: not known.

Material examined: Holotype: male, paratype: 1 male both type specimens are at I.A.R.I., New Delhi.

Collection: Holotype as well paratype were collected from Mahatma Gandhi Park, Pondicherry (m.s.l.) on 4.vii.1981 (Gupta).

Flower record: Solanum sp.

Remarks: The new species is close to australior Ckockll. with respect to the subgeneric characters, detailed above (australior has also been placed under subgenus Lithurgopsis Fox), however, australior can be distinctly separated tiwarii sp. nov. by:

"clypeal protuberence limited upto half of the basal region; facial pubescence white; fore tibial dorso-apical projection absent; abdomen comparatively much elongated, apical margin of VIIth tergum with a prominent median spine; lateral acute projections of gonobase absent, stipites narrowed down gradually and penis valve wide".

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